Progress Summary

August 27, 2003

Jerry Boles
Northern District
California Department of Water Resources



• Study Objectives

- Determine the magnitude and extent of bioaccumulation of metals and organic contaminants in aquatic organisms within the projectaffected area
- Determine the sources and potential pathways of contamination that contribute to bioaccumulation including contaminated sediments deposited as a result of project features, operations, and maintenance
- Provide information that could be used to develop potential protection, mitigation and enhancement measures

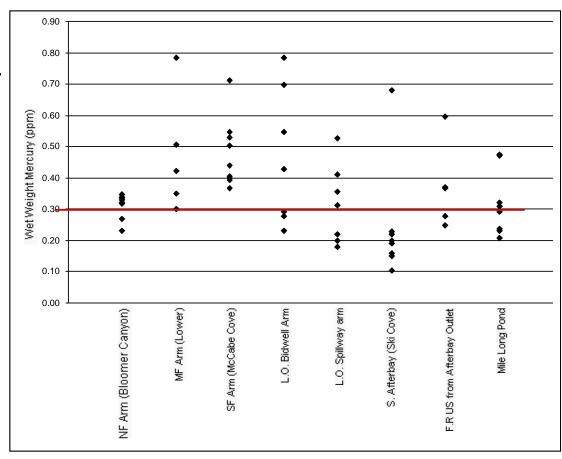


• Phase 1. Metals and organic contaminant assessment in project area

• Phase 2. Metals and organic contaminant sources and pathways assessment



 Phase 1. Tissue Mercury Results -April 2003





• Phase 2

- Task 1 Tributary assessment to determine role of project waters in bioaccumulation
- Task 2 Project waters assessment- species affected
- Task 3 Lower Feather River Assessment significance of contamination in lower river



• Phase 2 Assessment

- Environmental Workgroup Task Group May 2003
 - SWRCB
 - NOAA Fisheries
 - OEHHA
 - DWR



		1 (4)	1 (4 0)	(C) 1 (4 E)	(4)	1 111 1 (4)	r. 1. (0)
	trout (1)	. ,		catfish (1,5)	carp (1)	bullhead (1)	, ,
		(or pikeminnov	<i>(</i>)				(bluegill, redear sunfish, crap
Upper tributaries							
West Branch	5	5					x
North Fork	5	5					X
Middle Fork	5	5					X
South Fork	5	5					X
Lake Oroville							
NF Arm (3)		5	5	5			X
MF Arm (3)		5	5	5			X
SF Arm (3)		5	5	5			X
Main body (3)	5	5	5			X
Thermalito Afterba	ay (3)	5			5		X
Mile Long Pond (3)	5			5	5	Х
Feather River (4)		10			10		Х
1 Five fish individu	ıallv anal	vzed					
2 Keep any chino	-						
3 One representa							
4 Sample reach between Afterbay Outlet and Honcut (
5 Keep any white catfish caught as well							
6 Keep where car	ught - up	to 20 of each sp	ecies; okay	to collect 10	from one	site and 10 f	rom another in L. Oroville
Discuss su	nfish con	npositing with M	argy Gassel	prior to lab s	ubmittal		



	trout (1)	bass (1)	coho (1,2)	catfish (1,5)	carp (1)	bullhead (1)	sunfish (6)
		(or pikeminnow)					(bluegill, redear sunfish, crapp
Upper tributaries							
West Branch	5	5					x
North Fork	5#	5-10 smallmouth (5 larger, 5 sma	ler)				none seen
		5-1 spotted bass 1.5 lbs					
Middle Fork	5-5 larger, 5 sma	II 5-3 Pikeminnow, 3 sucker					none seen
South Fork	5-5 small	5-5 Pikeminnow, 2 Hardhead					none seen
Lake Oroville							
NF Arm (3)		5- <mark>5</mark>	5- <mark>2</mark>	5-5 CC, 1 WC			x
MF Arm (3)		5- 5	5	5- 5			26 bluegill (see 6)
SF Arm (3)		5- 5	5	5- <mark>5</mark>			2 Black Crappie
Main body (3)		5- <mark>5</mark>	5- 1	5 -5 *			5 Bluegill, 1 Warmouth
Thermalito Afterbay (3		5 -5			5 -5		3 Bluegill, 2 Redear
Robinson Pond (3)		10		10 suckers	2		
Mile Long Pond (3)		5 -5			5 -5	5- 1	20 redear
Feather River (4)		10			10		Х

* One is small 10 oz

Red indicates what we have

- # no trout seen in this lower stretch (NR Poe PH)- suggest we sample for trout farther upstream
- 1 Five fish individually analyzed
- 2 Keep any chinook caught
- 3 One representative site
- 4 Sample reach between Afterbay Outlet and Honcut Creek
- 5 Keep any white catfish caught as well
- 6 Keep where caught up to 20 of each species; okay to collect 10 from one site and 10 from another in L. Oroville Discuss sunfish compositing with Margy Gassel prior to lab submitta



SPW3. Recreational Facilities and Operations Effects on Water Quality

- Task 1. Effects of Current Recreation Facilities and Operations
 - Task 1A. Identification of Potential Effects to Water Quality
 - April 24, 2003 Report
 - Task 1B. Monitoring for Potential Effects to Water Quality
 - Initiated Monitoring in May 2003





SPW6. Project Effects on Temperature Regime

- Task 1. Thermal Regime of Project Waters
- Task 2. Project Effects on Water Temperatures
 Downstream from Oroville Dam
- Task 3. Project Effects on Temperature Compliance
- Task 4. Access to Cold Water Pool
- Task 5. Hatchery Effects on Temperature
- Task 6. Effects of Pump-back Operations





SPW7. Land and Watershed Management

- Task 1. Effects from Ongoing Land Uses and Management
 - Task 1A. Identification of Potential Effects to Water Quality
 - April 25, 2003 Report
 - Task 1B. Monitoring of Potential Effects to Water Quality
 - Monitoring begun in May 2003





SPW9. Project Effects on Natural Protective Processes

- Task 1. Riparian and Wetland Areas
 - Literature review to determine role of riparian areas on regulating water quality of adjacent rivers
- Task 2. Riffle Areas
 - Literature review for effects of riffles on protection and improvement of water quality
 - Monitor water quality in riffle gravels
 - Dissolved oxygen
 - Water temperature
 - Conductivity
 - pH
 - Ammonia



Study Plan W5 Project Effects on Groundwater

Progress Summary August 27, 2003

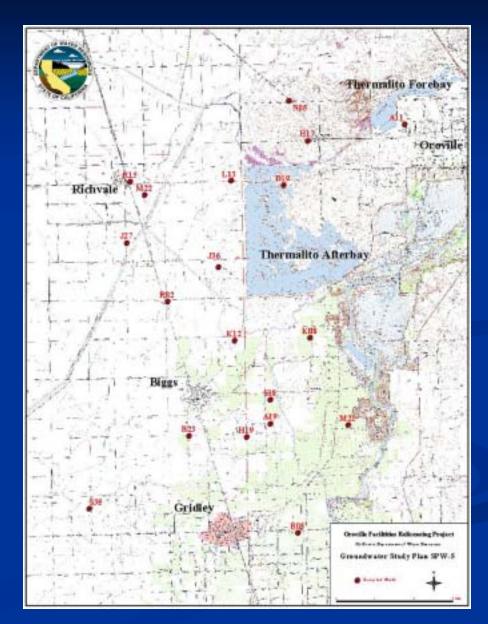
Jerry Boles & Ryan Martin
Northern District
California Department of Water Resources

- **Task 1**
 - Phase 1. Assessment of Existing Groundwater Data
 - Phase 2. Groundwater Monitoring
- Task 2
 - Hyporheic Monitoring

- Task 1, Phase 1. Assessment of Existing Groundwater Data
 - Report completed May 14, 2003
 - Groundwater levels monitored through extensive network
 - Little concern for groundwater levels
 - Little groundwater quality data being collected
 - Groundwater quality major local concern
 - Recommended additional groundwater monitoring
 - Phase 2

- Task 1, Phase 2. Groundwater quality monitoring
 - Compared existing water quality data in Thermalito Forebay & Afterbay, Feather River, and groundwater
 - minerals, aluminum, mercury, physical parameters
 - Monitor in existing monitoring wells and piezometers
 - Many unsuitable
 - Identified 7 existing monitoring wells and 12 additional wells
 - Began monitoring in June 2003
 - Additional monitoring in October 2003

Task 1, Phase 2 -Monitoring Wells

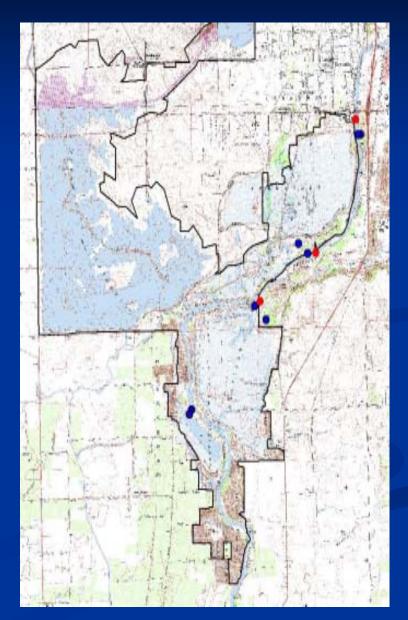


- Task 2 Hyporheic Monitoring
 - Study Objectives
 - Determine hydraulic connectivity between the Feather River and ponds within the Oroville Wildlife Area
 - Identify extent to which Feather River influences water quality in Oroville Wildlife Area ponds

- Task 2 Hyporheic Monitoring
 - Study Plan
 - Install water level loggers in four OWA ponds
 - Survey in permanent monuments to establish elevation relationship between Feather River and ponds
 - Monthly WQ and temperature collection as part of SPW1

Task 2 - Hyporheic Monitoring

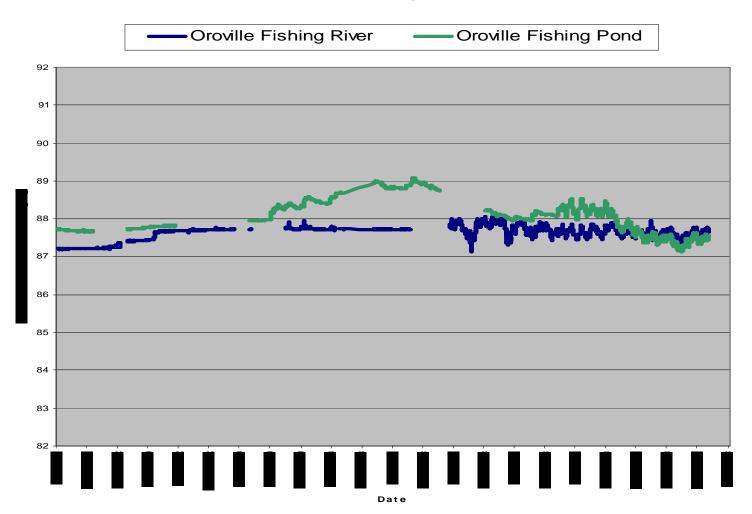
- Project Implementation
 - OWA Ponds selected for water level study
 - Oroville Fishing Pond (south pond)
 - Robinson Riffle Pond
 - Upper Pacific Heights Pond
 - Mile Long Pond



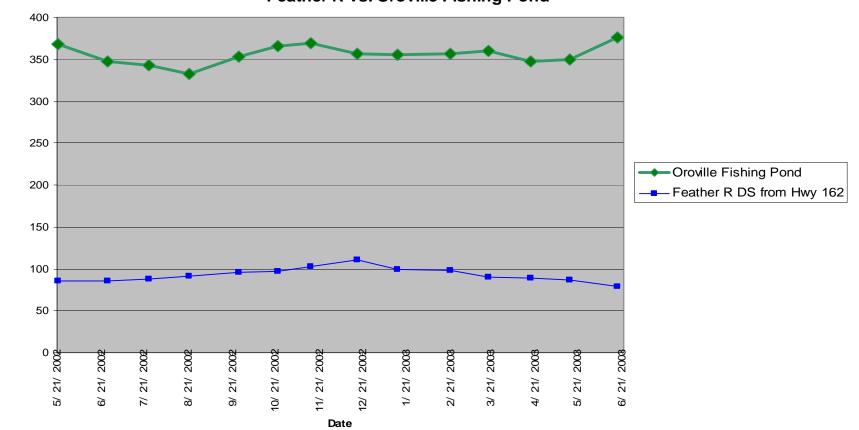
- Task 2 Hyporheic Monitoring
 - Results
 - Oroville Fishing Area



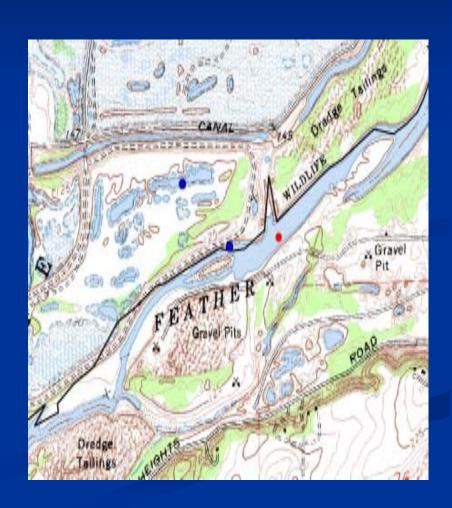
Oroville Fishing Area

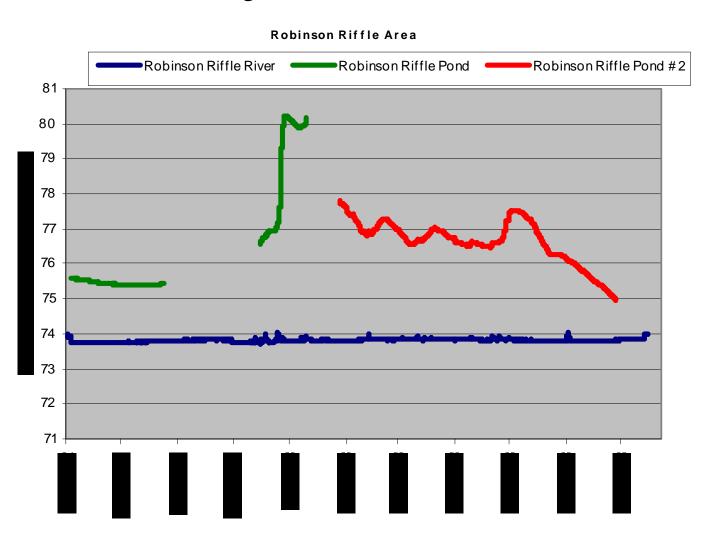




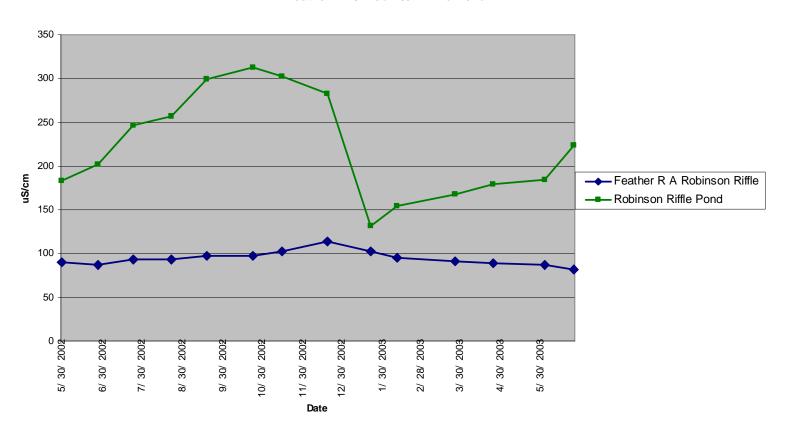


- Task 2 Hyporheic monitoring
 - Results continued
 - Robinson Riffle Area

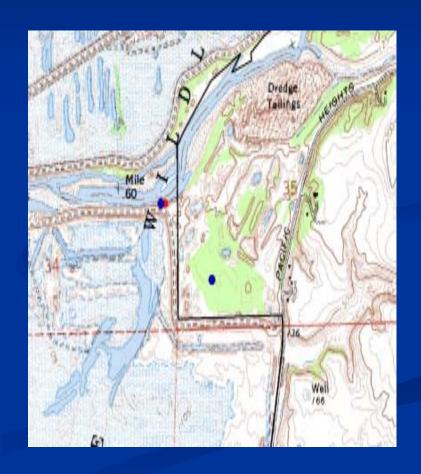


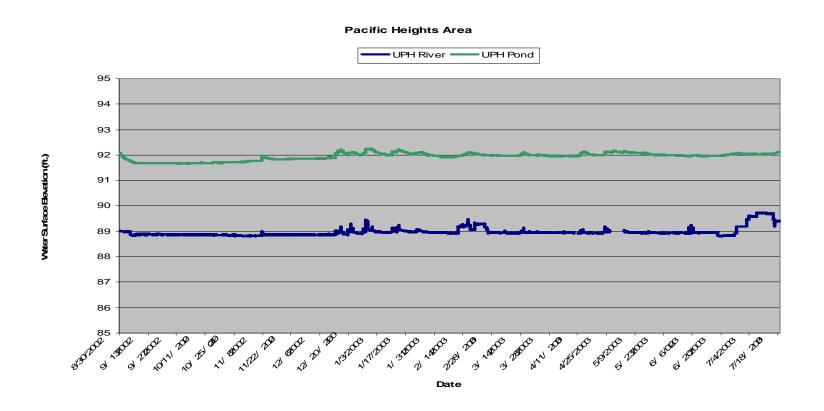


Specific Conductance (EC)
Feather R vs. Robinson Riffle Pond

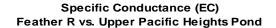


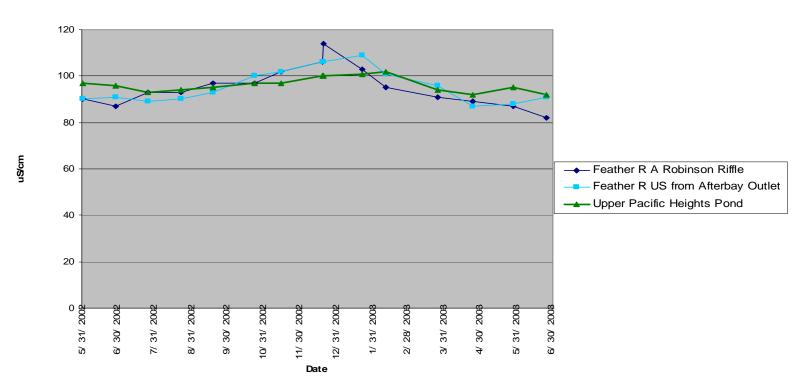
- Task 2 Hyporheic monitoring
 - Results continued
 - Upper Pacific Heights Pond





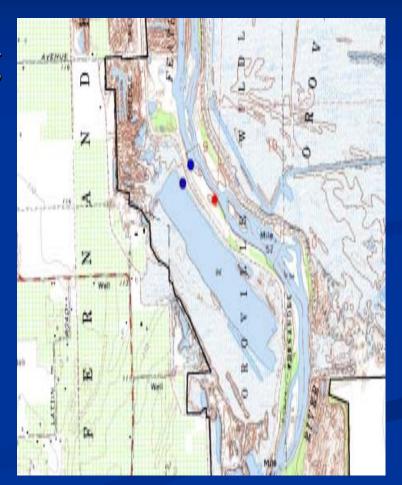


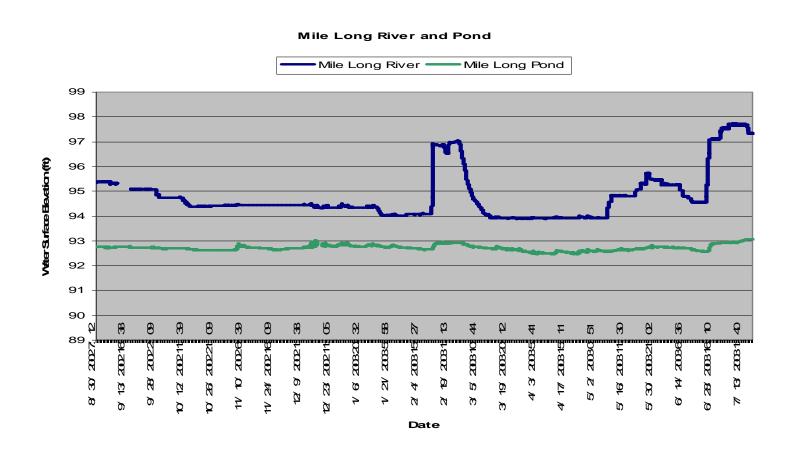


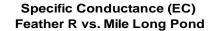


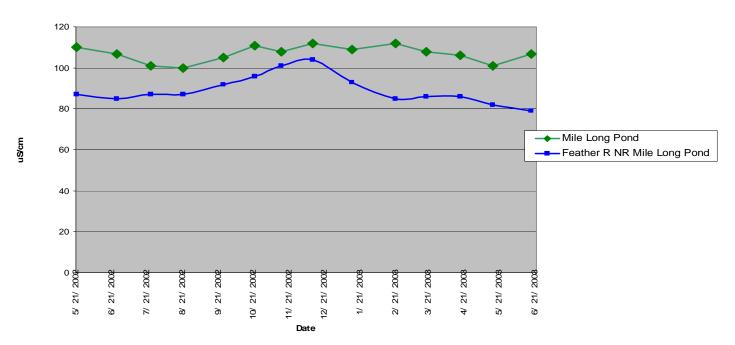


- Task 2 Hyporheic monitoring
 - Results continued
 - Mile Long Pond









- Task 2 Hyporheic monitoring
 - Next Steps
 - Compare level logger data with rainfall totals
 - Analyze temperature data to see if any relationships exist
 - Select sample pond south of Mile Long Pond